



Organisation
Mondiale
de la Santé
Animale

World
Organisation
for Animal
Health

Organización
Mundial
de Sanidad
Animal

6th Regional GF-TADs Steering Committee for Africa Draft Recommendations

17th ALive Executive Steering Committee
5-6 April 2011, Nairobi Kenya

Dr François Caya
Head
OIE Regional Activities Department



Considering

1. The recommendations of the 3rd GF-TADS Global Steering Committee (GSC3) and particularly Recommendation 8 related to the GF-TADS five-year strategic Plan to be developed in December 2011;
2. That GF-TADS Africa plan should be in line with the Comprehensive Africa Agriculture Development Programme (CAADP);
3. The participants agreement on the fact that recommendations of the Steering Committee of the GF-TADS for Africa should target prioritized diseases and their implementation be realistic;

Considering

4. The upcoming declaration of Rinderpest eradication at global level and the need to undertake actively the post eradication phase;
5. The likeliness of the adoption of new provisions in the OIE Code Chapter on Foot and Mouth Disease related to the endorsement by the OIE of national FMD control programme in line with the Progressive Control Pathway (PCP);
6. The work being done jointly by the OIE and FAO on the development of the FMD Global Strategy;

Considering

7. The Global PPR Working Group to be jointly set up by the OIE and FAO;
8. The need for concrete actions on “One Health” approach especially in its relation to zoonosis;
9. That donors require strong basis to justify the investment being made in the animal health sectors;
10. That Veterinary Services are global public good and that reinforcing their governance is crucial for animal health, food safety and food security, while ensuring safer trade of animals and animals products in Africa;

Considering

11. The current epidemiological situation of TADs in Africa;
12. That the Steering Committee of the GF-TADs for Africa encourage the work being done by AU-IBAR in the implementation of a Rinderpest exit strategy;
13. The need expressed by participants for a more inclusive membership within the GF-TADs; and
14. The uncertainties related to funding of GF-TADs Africa.

The Steering Committee of the GF-TADs for Africa recommends that:

1. The OIE, FAO and AU-IBAR, in the framework of GF-TADs for Africa, promote the elaboration of integrated regional strategies for zoonoses and other high impact diseases;
2. The OIE, FAO, AU-IBAR and AU-PANVAC ensure follow-up to countries answer to the Rinderpest questionnaire as soon as possible in order to engage properly the post eradication phase and that the main outcomes of the answer to those questionnaires be shared with relevant stakeholders;
3. AU-IBAR continue playing its coordinating and advocacy role, including resources mobilization, in the context of Rinderpest exit strategy, among other issues;

The Steering Committee of the GF-TADs for Africa recommends that:

4. The OIE explore the feasibility to include a critical competency related to the post-eradication effort within the OIE PVS Evaluation tool;
5. The GF-TADs Steering Committee for Africa support the FMD OIE/FAO Working Group by promoting the use of the Progressive Control Pathway (PCP) for FMD as well as developing regional road maps. In this respect, the WG organize two (2) regional meetings in East and West Africa as a follow-up to the Nairobi I meeting.
6. The GF-TADs steering committee for Africa ensure that regional perspective related to the reality of FMD in Africa be reflected in the work of the OIE/FAO FMD Working Group;

The Steering Committee of the GF-TADs for Africa recommends that:

7. FAO, the OIE and AU-IBAR jointly undertake analytical studies in order to assess the economic impact of high impact diseases and in particular FMD and Peste des petits ruminants (PPR); this Committee and Animal health stakeholders in the Region actively support this efforts;
8. Work in progress on the follow-up to the SC5 Recommendation 3 on PPR be continued and be followed by a meeting of the major international and technical organisations to discuss and align current ideas and strategies on PPR control;

The Steering Committee of the GF-TADs for Africa recommends that:

9. Work in progress on the follow-up Recommendation 6 on Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia (CBPP) during the SC5 be continued with an emphasis on prevention and control activities for that disease;
10. In the context of the forthcoming first Global Conference on Rabies, OIE and other animal health stakeholders take the opportunity to trigger greater collaboration with public health authorities at regional level to ensure that funding be directed at controlling the disease at its animal source;

The Steering Committee of the GF-TADs for Africa recommends that:

11. The GF-TAD for Africa encourage countries to undertake the PVS Pathway and take the ownership of its outcomes in order to improve the good governance of their Veterinary Services and to ease access to funding both internally and externally in that perspective; and
12. Proposition for inclusion of other relevant animal health stakeholders as members or observers be presented for approval at the next GF-TADs steering committee for Africa.

Thank you for your attention!



Organisation mondiale
de la santé animale

World Organisation
for Animal Health

Organización Mundial
de Sanidad Animal